TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
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TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
One square, (10 lines,) or less.	$ 75	$1 25	$1 50
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One square, or less,	$4 00	$6 00	$10 00
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Four squares,	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half a column,	15 00	20 00	30 00
One column,	20 00	35 00	60 00

Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, One year.....$5 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$2 50
Auditors' Notices.....2 00
Estray, or other short Notices.....1 50

☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DR. A. B. LIGHT,
Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, having located at Warriorsmark, offers his professional services to the people of the town and vicinity. He will receive night calls at Chamberlin's Hotel.
May 16, 1866-3m.

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH,
Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.
Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden, on Hill street. ap19,1866

DR. D. P. MILLER,
Office in room lately occupied by J. Simpson Africa, offers his service to citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. no1-6ms

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Read's Drug Store. Aug. 23, '65.

WARM SPRINGS, a fashionable summer resort, five miles north of Huntingdon. Extensive accommodations. W. J. Geissinger, Proprietor

BOYER & GARNER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., Marklesburg station.

ANDREW JOHNSTON, agent for the Niagara Insurance Company, Huntingdon.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., Huntingdon.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, Huntingdon.

G. B. BRUMBAUGH & CO., dealers in fancy and staple goods, Marklesburg

WM. LEWIS & CO, Family Groceries, Provision and Feed Store, Hunt., Pa.

WM. MARCH & BRO.
Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

WM. LONG, Dealer in Candies, Nuts, Family Groceries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON,
Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Railroad street, Huntingdon.

CHAS. H. ANDERSON, Dealer in all kinds of Lumber, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Huntingdon.

D. P. GWIN,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c., Huntingdon.

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

WM. MEYER, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Drugs, Spices, Hosiery, Quick Cures, Huntingdon.

W. KESSLER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

DONNELL & KUNZ,
Painters and Glaziers, Huntingdon, Pa.

THOMAS G. SHEKLETON & SON,
Manufacturers of Troughs, Spiritual Drum, Hoders, Dressers, Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & CO. DEALERS,
Tobacco and Cigar Manufacturers, Huntingdon.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Huntingdon.

S. SHOEMAKER, Agent for the Magic Star Liniment, Huntingdon, Pa.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 18, 1859.

J. E. GREENE,
DENTIST.
Office removed to opposite the Franklin House, in the old bank building, Hill street, Huntingdon.
April 10, 1866.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscribers having leased this Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. McNulty, are prepared to accommodate strangers, travelers, and citizens in good style. Every effort shall be made on our part to make all who stop with us feel at home. J. J. & J. D. FEE,
may2,1866 Proprietors.

MORRISON HOUSE,
Huntingdon, Pa.

I HAVE purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.
☞I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.
May 10, 1866-tf.

K. ALLEN LOVELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
OFFICE—In the brick row, opposite the Court House.
may3,1866

J. W. MATTERN. WILLIAM A. SIPE.
MATTERN & SIPE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
AND
LICENSED CLAIM AGENTS,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office on Hill street.
Soldiers Claims against the Government for Back Pay Bounty, Widows' and Invalids' Pensions attended to with great care and promptness. my24-1y

AGENCY,
FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to
W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.
August 12, 1863.

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY
The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 17, 1865-tf.

A. W. BENEDICT. J. SCWELL STEWART. P. M. LYTLE.
THE firm of Benedict & Stewart has been changed to
BENEDICT, STEWART & LYTLE,
under which name they will hereafter practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
They will also give careful attention to the collection of military and other Claims against the State or Government.
Office formerly occupied by J. Sewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House. feb6,1866

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1866. NO. 1.

THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
BILL HEADS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE

The Parsimonious Clerk.

"Weston" said Mr. Dayton, to one of his clerks, as they were alone in the spacious counting room, which was attached to a large store of which Mr. Dayton was proprietor, "give me leave to say that I do not think you do not dress sufficiently genteel to appear as a clerk in a fashionable store". A deep blush suffused the face of the young man, and in spite of his endeavors to repress it a tear glistened in his full black eyes.

"Did not I know that your salary was sumcient to procure more genteel habiliments, I would increase it."

"My salary is amply large, sir," replied Weston, with a mortified air, but with that proud independence of feeling of which even poverty had not been able to divest him.

"Oblige me then, by changing your apparel and presenting a different appearance in the future. You are wanted in the store." Weston turned and left his employer, who muttered to himself, as he took up his paper, "how I detest those parsimonious fellows." Mr. Dayton was a man of immense wealth. He was a widower and had but one child, a daughter, who was the pride of his declining years. She was as good as an angel and as beautiful as good. She was simple in her tastes and appearance. Such as Laura Dayton when Weston May first became an inmate of her father's house, and what wonder was it that he soon learned to love her with a deep and ardent affection. Though their tongues never gave utterance to what their hearts felt, yet the language of their eyes was too plain to be mistaken. Weston was the very soul of honor, and although he perceived with pleasure, that he was not distasteful to her still he felt that he must conquer the passion which glowed in his heart.

"I must not win her heart," he said to himself, "I am penniless, and her father would never consent to our union." Thus he reasoned, and thus he manfully endeavored to subdue, what he considered an illfated passion. Laura had many suitors and some who were worthy of her, but she refused all their overtures with decisive yet gentle firmness.

Her father wondered at her conduct but would not strive to alter the inclination. He was in the decline of life, and watched to see her happily settled ere he departed from this world. It was long before he surmised that young Weston was the cause of her indifference to others. The pleasure which she took in hearing him praised, the blush which mantled her face when their eyes met, served to convince the old gentleman that they took more than common interest in each other. He forbode to make any remarks upon the subject and was not so displeased at the thought as Weston had imagined he would be.

Weston May had been three years in his employ. Mr. Dayton knew nothing of his family; but his strict integrity, good morals, and pleasing manner conspired to make him esteem him highly. He wished him to dress as well as others, and had often wondered at the scantiness of his wardrobe; for although Weston dressed with the most scrupulous regard to neatness, his clothes were almost threadbare, which Mr. Dayton thought proceeded from a niggardly disposition, and, accordingly he addressed him upon the subject as before related. Soon after this conversation, Mr. Dayton left home on business. As he was riding through a pretty village, he allighted at the door of a cottage and requested a drink of water. The mistress, with an ease and politeness which told that she had not always been the humble cottager, invited him to enter. He complied, and a scene of poverty and neatness met his gaze which he had never before witnessed. The furniture consisting of nothing more than what was necessary, was so clean and neat, that it cast an air of comfort all around. A venerable old man sat by the window with his staff in his hand. His clothes were whole but so patched that they seemed a counterpart of Joseph's coat of many colors.

"This is your father, I presume," said he addressing her.

"It is, sir."

"He seems quite aged."

"He is in his eighty third year, and has survived all his children but myself."

"Have you always resided here."

"No sir: my husband was once wealthy, but endorsing ruined him, and we are reduced to this state. He soon after died and two of my children followed him.

"Have you any children living?"

"One sir, who is my only support. My own health is so feeble that I cannot do much and father blind and deaf, needs a good deal of attention. My son will not tell me how much his salary is, but I am sure he sends me all of it."

"Then he is not at home?"

"No sir, he is a clerk in New York."

"Indeed! Pray what is his name?"

"Weston May."

"Weston May! Is it possible. Why, he is my clerk. I left him in charge of my store only two weeks ago."

"Explanation followed, and Mr. Dayton soon left proposing to call some other time."

"Noble fellow," said he mentally, as he was riding slowly along ruminating upon the call. Noble fellow. I believe he loves my girl, and he may have her and part of my money too. Let me see, here he fell into thinking and by the time he reached home formed a plan which he determined to execute. How it terminated we shall see. Full of his new plan, he entered the breakfast room where Laura was awaiting his appearance.

"So Weston is going to England," said he carelessly.

"Sir!" said Laura, dropping her coffee cup; "going to England?"

"To be sure; what of it my child?"

"Nothing—only—I—we shall be rather lonesome," replied she vainly endeavoring to repress her tears.

"Come, come, Laura, tell me, do you love Weston? You never deceived me, don't do it now."

"No; well I—I love him most sincerely."

"I though so! I thought so," replied he as he left the room.

"Weston, said he, as he entered his store, you expect to go into the country shortly, do you?"

"Yes sir, in about four weeks."

"If it would'nt be inconvenient I wish you would'nt go for it a few weeks longer," said Mr. Dayton.

"I will, sir, with pleasure, if it would'nt oblige you."

"It would oblige me greatly, for Laura is to be married in about six weeks, and I wish you to attend the wedding."

"Laura married!" said Weston, starting as if shot, "Laura married?"

"To be sure. What ails the boy?"

"Nothing sir, only it was rather sudden and unexpected."

"It is rather sudden, but I am an old man and wish to see her have a protector before I die. I am glad you can stay to the wedding."

"Indeed, sir, I cannot stay," said Weston, forgetting what he had just said.

"You cannot! Why you just said you would."

"Yes sir; but my business requires my presence, and I must go."

"But you said you would with pleasure."

"Command me in anything else, sir; but in this I cannot oblige."

"Weston, tell me frankly, do you love my girl?"

"Sir!" Weston seemed like one waking from a dream.

"Do you love my girl?"

"I do, sir."

"Will you give me your mother for her?" Mr. Dayton spoke earnestly.

"My mother! what do you know of her?"

Mr. Dayton repeated the incident already related and in conclusion said:

"And now my boy, I have written to your mother and offered myself and she has accepted; what have you to say?"

"That I am the happiest fellow on earth, and proud to call you father," replied the young joyful face.

A few weeks after a double wedding took place at Mr. Dayton's mansion, and soon after a sign went over a certain store bearing the inscription of "Dayton & Company."

Young men, you may learn from this that it is not fine clothes that would win for you the esteem of those around you.

LARGE STEER.—A steer was recently photographed at Indianapolis, Ind., which was seventeen hands and three inches high, fifteen feet long, and weight four thousand, one hundred and eighty-nine pounds. He was raised in Shelbyville, Indiana. The owner said he was of the common stock, and declared his intention to increase his weight to five thousand pounds. He was taking him to Cincinnati, where he meant to exhibit him for a time, after which he intended to take him to New York, where he would place him on permanent exhibition. He is said to be the largest steer in America, or perhaps in the world.

☞The following is the conclusion of an epitaph on a tombstone in East Tennessee: "She lived a life of virtue and died of the cholera morbus, caused by eating green fruit in the full hope of a blessed immortality, at the early age of 21 years, 7 months and 10 days. Reader, go thou and do likewise."

Now and Then.

The radicals profess to find great difficulty in understanding the position now occupied by Union newspapers which supported the admininistration of President Lincoln. The editor of the St. Joseph's (Missouri) *Herald* thus answers for himself:

Yesterday we received through the post office an anonymous communication which deserves a passing notice. The author entirely mistakes, and, of course, misstates, the position of the editor of the *Morning Herald*. In proof of this we will quote a single paragraph:

"A knowledge of the position you occupied throughout the war did not prepare me for the belief that I should ever find you, as I now do, advocating the full and free admission to the legislation of the country of traitors of the deepest dye."

From first to last, all of the time, we have insisted that no traitor should sit in Congress. We have urged upon the people of the South the necessity of electing to the national legislature none but men who could, with pure hearts and clear consciences, take the required oath. President Johnson says that any man sent up from the South who cannot stand that test must be sent back; and his constituents must be informed that no man can help to make our laws who has participated in the rebellion. Yet the country is filled with perambulating politicians who coolly style the President "a traitor, desirous of filling Congress with red-handed rebels;" and denounce all of his supporters as copperheads, and enemies of the Union. Why a man like Horace Maynard, of Tennessee, who has been true all through the contest, and has preserved his faith among the faithless, should be rejected by Congress, after being duly elected to a seat in our legislative halls, we cannot divine.

We think it the duty of the people of the loyal States, in the coming election, to elect to seats in Congress none but out and out Union men—men who favor the admission to Congress of legally elected loyal members from southern States holding an loyal attitude to this government. We want Union men to admit the South, through their loyal representatives, to an full share in the legislation of the country; always providing that the South maintains a loyal position in the nation. If it is decided that any State is not preserving a faithful towards the government, send down the soldiers and compel obedience to our laws. What is there in that position which looks like favoring "traitors of the deepest dye," or selling their "full and free admission to the legislation of the country?"

We believe the people want to see this Union restored, and we believe they will restore it. Those men who oppose such a restoration will be swept from the political surface. If we, as a people, think we can afford to inscribe retaliation on our banner, and substitute the policy of revenge for that which the Saviour of mankind inculcated as the true law for the guidance of individuals and nations, we have mistaken the true spirit, and cannot expect to enjoy the fruits of a Christian civilization. The policy which the extreme men of this day, led on by Stevens, of Pennsylvania, would adhere to, has been fully tried. After Monmouth's rebellion in England, Chief Justice Jeffreys inaugurated and carried out this precise system of retaliation. The judicial murder of Algernon Sidney was the first result of the policy which in 1685 had a full and fair trial. The burning alive of Alice Lisle for harboring a rebel during the rebellion was thought necessary by the judge who inaugurated the Stevens policy, and the beheading of that unfortunate and innocent girl was what that policy eventually required and obtained. The retaliatory party who clamor for the execution of traitors should remember that the infamous Jeffreys only executed three hundred and twenty political offenders on his circuit, while holding the bloody assizes. True, Lord Lonsdale says seven hundred, and Burnet six hundred, but the official list sent by the judges to the treasury, and which may still be seen, gives the first as the exact number. For executing three hundred and twenty state prisoners king James is held in utter detestation by all mankind, and he who permitted Elizabeth Gaune to be burned at the stake for relieving the poor family of a rebel is infamous, simply for allowing the principle of retaliation to govern and guide him. Thank God, since the day when that poor woman calmly disposed the straw about her in such a manner as to shorten her sufferings, while the flames surged around her, causing the bystanders to burst into tears, no woman has suffered death in England for a political offense.

Do not all our readers shudder when they hear the name of Judge Jeffreys? Yet he executed but three hundred and twenty rebels, and his memory is covered with infamy and disgrace.—Over two millions of people in the United States are traitors, according to the laws, and over ten millions are sympathizers. How many shall be executed to fully meet the demands of the retaliation party, and how much vindictiveness will be required to escape the infamy of James the Second? The fate before us cannot be avoided. We must choose reconciliation or revenge. No man or party can escape choosing. We must favor restoration on the christian plan, or eternal disruption on the pagan plan of revenge.—We can glower with anger and hate, or we can extend the friendly hand and use our best endeavors to make friends of those persons possessing a common ancestry, a common history, and a common future. We prefer to be ranked amongst those who have adopted the christian plan. And if for our choice we deserve the epithets now being heaped upon the friends of the administration, we can only say, let them come; we are content to be with those who stand well in history, rather than range ourselves beside those who have rendered the pages of history infamous.

Reconstruction.

SPEECH OF GOV. SWANN OF MARYLAND.

The following is a brief extract from Governor Swann's speech in Baltimore on the 21st ult:

When this war terminated, I felt anxious with all conservative men to see this country re-established upon a permanent and enduring basis. The rebels had laid down their arms and applied for pardon. I had no bitter animosities to cherish and keep alive. To hold so many States and so large a class of our population by military power, was not only impracticable in itself unless at a ruinous cost to the people, but directly opposed to the spirit of our institutions. Besides, I could see no good reason why the *people* of the States should not be again re-united. There were no latent causes of danger likely to spring up in the future. They were subdued and prostrate, seeking pardon at the hands of a powerful and magnanimous government.

It was not our policy to degrade them. The had been our brethren in the past, descended from the same *common stock with ourselves*; and if this Union was intended to be kept together, were to become a most important part of our aggregate population. I speak of the *masses*—not the leaders of this rebellion. The leaders are now now the only remaining cause of irritation, because the people have been betrayed and ruined by them; and the sympathy which we feel for the masses does not apply with the same force to those who were the authors of the troubles which have been entailed upon us. But the rebellion once subdued, the States were remanded back to all their former constitutional rights as States and integrals of our common system. We had no right to say you shall not be represented in Congress *by true and loyal men*. The constitutional Union would no longer have existed had the extreme radicals in Congress succeeded in holding the States as conquered provinces, and not as States in the Union. This Union cannot be divided, and when President Johnson by his proclamation announced the rebellion as at an end, the government resumed her former relations—each State standing as before the rebellion commenced.

This policy was not Mr. Johnson's policy alone. It was inaugurated by Mr. Lincoln in the case of Louisiana and Tennessee and Arkansas, and was steadily adhered to by him until the period of his death. It was known and approved by the convention that nominated him for the Presidency, and Andrew Johnson for the Vice Presidency. Now we are told that Mr. Johnson has deserted his party and the platform on which he was elected. And what does this policy mean? It means simply that now the war is over the States shall have their representation in Congress restored to them—not by the recognition of the claims of defiant military leaders, or insolent members of rebel Legislatures who were mainly implicated in stirring up this strife, but *by true and loyal men—men who are qualified, and mean in good faith to stand by this government*. That is the whole theory in a nut-shell. And who supports this doctrine of Presidents Lincoln and Johnson, now that the rebellion has been so triumphantly put down? It is supported by some of the ablest and most distinguished men in the national Union party. It is supported by the great masses of the people, as I think will be found in the fall elections. It is supported by Mr. Seward, the ablest statesman in Mr. Johnson's cabinet, and his no less distinguished colleagues in that body. It is supported by Grant and Sherman, through whose bravery the rebellion was brought to a close. It is supported by the almost united voice of the army and navy. And yet with all this evidence staring us in the face, I am denounced and hunted like a traitor, by these extreme radicals because I have dared to support Mr. Johnson's reconstruction policy against the revolutionary combinations which have been formed, to weaken the powers of the Administration and postpone indefinitely the work of reconstruction.

☞Queen Victoria has 150,000,000 heathen and about 40,000,000 Mahommedan subjects.

A New Dodge.

Mothers formerly had the credit of being the matchmakers; but they cannot now begin to compete in that line with their own daughters. Were their motives a trifle less personal, girls would deserve infinite credit for their ingenuity, and the cleverness with which they adapt themselves to the state of the market.

The domestic dodge is the latest that has fallen under my observation, and it takes remarkably well. A young gentleman calling in the morning no longer finds young ladies lolling on a sofa in the parlor. On the contrary, he is told they are busy, and the servant is afraid they cannot be seen.

"Only just a moment," the gentleman begs; he wants to invite them to a sociable or a sleigh ride, to inquire about their health after the last party.

In a few minutes the young ladies make their appearance, with their hair tucked away in the nearest of invisible nets, and only rippling a little over their foreheads, the prettiest of merino or French print morning dresses on, and a white apron with, above all things—a bib! Yes, a little square bib, edged with a narrow ruffle, and they are so ashamed when they see who it is, and so sorry to have kept him waiting; but "Ma" did not feel very well this morning, and so they were helping in the kitchen a little.

The young gentleman looks the admiration which he dare not speak, and gallantly offers to assist in finishing what they were doing in the subterranean regions.

No, it is all done now; they are only making a pudding and helping to "clear starch" some things that "Ma" did not dare to leave to the servants. But won't he stay and eat some of the pudding?

No; he would like to, but it is business hours, as they very well know, and he has not time to stay long.

Needless this departure, convinced that those girls are infinitely more sensible than he ever thought they were before; that they are the right sort for wives; and he feels a new and strange tenderness growing up in his heart whenever he thinks of one of them, and especially of that dear little bib apron, which seemed to belong so naturally to her trim and cozy little form.

There is no calculating with certainty upon what the bib apron movement may not be destined to effect. It is one of the cleverest surprises ever perpetrated in the face of an enemy. It may put an end to the race of old bachelors; it may inspire a love for the domestic duty which it symbolizes in the breast which it covers.

It may—there is no telling what it may not do. At present it is a novelty, and its results are wonderful. It has been the principal cause of four recent engagements, to my certain knowledge. Sporting young ladies say that it brings down the game quicker than lightning. Young ladies who are not sporting characters say that it is better than a whole artillery of carls and bows, and braids and bands, and *frises* and other fashionable feminine weapons. It is at the same time the most innocent and harmless of all objects to look at, and one which no man would think of guarding himself against.

☞A very curious event lately occurred in Hungary during a bear hunt. A very savage she bear had just been mortally wounded, when all at once a young girl, about twelve years of age, rushed out of the thicket and threw herself on the expiring beast, giving utterances to the most lamentable cries. After a good deal of difficulty this young savage was captured by means of cord and nets. It has been discovered that a peasant woman some twelve years ago lost her child (a little girl) on the confines of the forest, and had never since been able to obtain any tidings of her. A certain Countess Erdœli has taken the little girl under her care, and is obliged to feed her with roots, honey and raw meat—the usual food of bears. It will be most interesting to discover, when the child has received an education and her mental facilities develop themselves, if she will remember her former state, and be able to give an account of her life in the forest.

A WIFE WANTED.—Somebody who wants a wife publishes the following advertisement in a St. Louis paper:

Wanted—I have lived solitary long enough. I want some one to talk at, quarrel with—to kiss and make up again. Therefore, I am ready to receive communications from young ladies and blooming widows of more than average respectability, tolerably tame in disposition, and hair of any color. Money is no object, as I never was troubled with it, and never expect to be. I should like some lady who is perfectly able to support a husband, or if she could introduce me to a family where religious examples would be considered sufficient compensation for board, would do just as well.

Destruction Railroad.

The Directors take pleasure in reassuring their numerous friends and patrons, that the Road to Ruin is now in good order. Within the last three months it has carried more than *three hundred thousand* passengers clear through from the town of Temperance, to the city of Destruction, while the number of way passengers is encouraging. An enormous amount of freight, such as mechanics tools, household furniture; and even whole farms have gone forward; and the receipts of the year have been so large that the Directors have resolved to declare a dividend of five hundred per cent. The track has been much improved, and relaid with Messrs. B. & Co's patent rail. The grades are reduced to a dead level, and the switches brought to such a perfection all along the route as to jerk the cars in a moment from the main track and avoid collision with the Total Abstinence engine and the temperance trains, which have recently occasioned so much trouble.—In short we have spared no expense to make it superior to any other Road to Ruin ever established.

It gives us great pleasure to call the attention of the public to the improvements in our engines and cars. The old favorite locomotive Alcohol, has a fire chamber of double capacity, and patent driving wheels, after the fashion of old Juggernaut. Our wine cars are models of luxurious conveyance, after the pattern of the far famed London Gin Palaces, where ladies and children and gentlemen of the first water can have all attention. To keep up with the times, our whiskey, rum, and brandy cars, have been greatly enlarged, and are reduced to half price. Our cider, porter, and beer cars are exciting great attention among the children. Our experienced engineer, Mr. Belief, and our polite and gentlemanly conductor, Mr. Mis, have been too long known to the traveling public to need any recommendation. Indeed, so swift and sparkling are our trains through all our towns and villages, that some have called it "the flying artillery of hell let loose on earth."

Ticketsmust always be procured of Mr. H. at the Drinker's Hotel, where you may see the following extract from our charter from government:

"Licensed to make a strong man weak;
Licensed to lay a wise man low;
Licensed a wife's fond heart to break,
And make a childrens' tears to flow.

"Licensed to do thy neighbor harm;
Licensed to hate and strife;
Licensed to nerve the robber's arm;
Licensed to whet the murderer's knife.

"Licensed where peace and quiet dwell,
To bring disease and want and woe;
Licensed to make this world a hell,
And fit man for a hell below."

The down trains leave Ciderville at 6 A. M., Portertown at 7 A. M., Beersville at 8 A. M., Brandyborough at 10 A. M., and Whiskey City at 12 M.

A HINT TO SMOKERS.—M. Melsens, a French chemist, has found that tobacco form different proportions. In tobacco from some parts of France there is 7.96 per cent of nicotine; whilst Havana tobacco contains only 2 per cent. He proposes to smokers a way of preserving them from the effects of the alkaloid, by putting into the tube of the pipe or cigar holder a little bale of cotton, impregnated with citric and tannic, acids. As the smoke passes through the cotton, it will deposit the nicotine therein, in the shape of tannate and citrate.

☞As the world was made so it must be subdued, not by matter clawing at matter, but by the calm dominion of spirit over matter. Until intellect percolates the soil, the soil will not yield its hidden hoards. We shall have effort, struggle, wear and weariness, but no victory. It is the strife of clod with clod.—*Gail Hamilton.*

☞A greeny going into the probate office, where the wills were kept in huge volumes on the shelves, asked if they were all Bibles? "No, sir," replied one of the clerks, "they are *testaments*."

☞When a man marries a widow he is bound to give up smoking and chewing. If she gives up her weeds for him, he should, of course, give up the weed for her.

☞One of our western exchanges is in a bad fix. Having dunned a delinquent subscriber, he not only refuses to pay, but threatened to flog the editor if he stopped the paper!

☞A toast at an Irish society's dinner at Cincinnati: "Here's to the President of the Society, Patrick O'Flaherty, and may he live to eat the hen that scratches over his grave!"

☞A gentleman who was fond of wine said it had two bad qualities:—"If I put water to it," says he, "it spoils it, and if I don't it spoils me."

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

Wednesday morning, July 4, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Maj. Gen. John W. Geary,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

A New Volume.

This number commences the 22d year of the *Globe* since we have had control of its columns. It has always been an independent journal, and we intend that it shall continue so, regardless of denunciation from any quarter. The many personal and political friends who stand by us have our thanks, and we hope they may prosper as we have done. Our enemies will always find us "at home" to receive them in the same spirit we have always met them. We have friends to reward and we may have enemies to punish. The *Globe* is not for sale at any price. Terms, $2 per year, $1 for six months, 50 cts. for three months—*in advance*. We have room for a few more good subscribers—none others need apply.

The Soldiers' League a Nuisance.

Since the first day of the organization of the Soldiers League in this county we have treated it with the kindest respect, but it has become, as conducted in this place, a political nuisance, and calculated to do General Geary and the Union party more harm than good. The proceedings of the meetings have been regularly published in these columns without comment by us, and the reader has not failed to notice their littleness and disorganizing spirit. The proceedings of the last meeting which was held in this place on Friday last will be found in another column and we ask a careful perusal of them. There are three or four prominent points in them, and we wish the reader to remember that a majority of the twenty-three soldiers in attendance from three or four townships and this borough adopted the resolutions as expressing the sentiments of the soldiers of the county.

1st. The League declares *against* nominating faithful war-worn soldiers for office even when their merits are equal to the civilians offering.

2d. It declares in favor of a soldier for Congress who has seen service in the field and bears upon his body the honorable scars of battle. That's all it requires for a Congressman.

3d. The League elects several gentlemen honorary members of their body who are out-and-out Andy Johnson men, and another who is an active member of the so-called Democratic party, and denies Andy Johnson honorary membership.

4th. The League calls upon the Chairman of the State Committee to displace us as a member of the Committee for this county and appoint "a reliable member of the Union Republican Party" to fill our place.

5th. The League after reading Andy Johnson and our humble self out of an organization we were never members of, coolly Resolved that the friends of Andy Johnson who are soldiers in good standing, be permitted to become members of the League.

What a jumble of inconsistencies! No wonder that several of the soldiers were ashamed of the company they were in.

We have not room to-day to expose the managers who "run the machine" to the injury of the Union party and the prospects of General Geary.

When the *Union Party* of the County in Convention assembled, shall declare that no Johnson man can be permitted to speak for or act with the party, then, and not till then will we resign our position as member of the *Union State Committee* appointed by a *Union State Convention*.

Plain Questions and we want Plain Answers.—As the majority of the League meeting held here on Friday last claim to speak the sentiments of the Union soldiers of the county, are we to understand that they recognize the *Journal & American* as their organ and endorse its assertion that all friends of Andrew Johnson are "Copperheads?"

If they do not endorse the assertion of the *Journal & American* that all Johnson men are "Copperheads," why did they not also take exceptions to its course, and read it out?

If all Johnson men are to be treated as Copperheads by members of the Soldiers' League and the "Republican Union Party," is it expected that Gen. Geary will endorse their position—and if he should, can he be elected?

☞The Democratic County Convention met in this place on Tuesday last, and nominated the following ticket:

Assembly—John S. Miller, of Huntingdon.

Associate Judge—Samuel Brooks, of Carbon.

Prothonotary—Arthur C. Greenland, of Cassville.

Register and Recorder—Alfred H. DeArmitt, of Petersburg.

District Attorney—W. A. Sipe, of Huntingdon.

Commissioner—Isaac C. Gorsuch, of Mill Creek.

Director of Poor—John Alexander, of Shirley.

Auditor—David Funk, of Warriorsmark.

Congressional Conferees, not instructed, but they are understood to be for Mr. Pershing of Johnstown, as the compromise candidate.

Andrew Johnson and the Covenant.

The Radicals are as persistent as they are unscrupulous in their slanderous pursuit of President Johnson. Unable to truthfully combat the constitutional views entertained by the Executive, they resort to falsehood, and fill the country with misrepresentation respecting his purposes and his policy. Among the latest of these slanders is the statement that the President asks for the instant admission only of the authors of the rebellion, and that he relies upon the recent traitors alone. Every one will agree with the New York *Times* that it is not easy to understand how any one can repeat such an assertion as this directly in the teeth of open and notorious facts. President Johnson has over and over again declared that *loyal* men, and loyal men *only*, from the Southern States should be admitted into Congress. He has urged the admission of the members from Tennessee only because they were loyal men, who had never had anything whatever to do with the Rebellion, and because they represent loyal constitutencies. In everything he has said on the subject, in messages, proclamations, speeches and conversations, he has most distinctly and emphatically declared that *none but loyal men* from the Southern States ought to be admitted, that if a disloyal man should gain admission, Congress had power to expel him, and ought to do it. In his veto of the Freedman's Bureau bill he said expressly that every State should be admitted to its share of legislation "When it presents itself, not only in an attitude of loyalty and harmony, but in the persons of representatives *whose loyalty cannot be questioned under any existing constitutional or legal test?*" And in his speech on the 22d of February, he said, with equal emphasis, "I am for the Union; I am for preserving all the States, and I am for admitting into the counsels of the *nation all their representatives who are unmistakably and unquestionably loyal.*" And so again on the 18th of April in his speech to the soldiers and sailors, who called upon him after repeating that he thought the States of the Union were entitled to representation, he went on to state with great clearness and force precisely what he meant by this. Here is an extract from that speech:

"And when we say admit representatives, what do we mean? We mean representation in the constitutional and law abiding sense, as we intended at the beginning of the Government. The Constitutiond eclares inexpress terms, that each House, the Senate and the House, each acting for itself shall be the judge of the returns, elections and qualifications of its own members. It is for each House to settle that question under the Constitution and under the solemn sanction of an oath. And can we believe that either House would admit any member into its body to participate in the legislation of the country who was not qualified and fit to sit in that body and participate in its proceedings? They have the power—not the two Houses, but each House for itself. The Constitution further declares that no State shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate of the United States without its consent. Then, where do we stand? All that is needed to finish this great work of restoration is for the two Houses respectively to determine the question. "Oh! but some one will say:" "*A traitor might come in.*" The answer to that is that each House must be the judge, and, if a traitor presents himself, cannot either House know that he is a traitor? [Applause.] And if he is a traitor, can they not kick him out the door, and send him back, saying to the people who sent him, "You must send us a loyal man?" (Cheers, and a voice, "That's logic.") Is there difficulty about that? (No! no, and cheers.) If a traiter presents himself to either House, cannot that House say to him: "No, you cannot be admitted into this body. Go back. We will not deny your people the right of representation, but they must send us a loyal representative. (Cheers.) And when the States do send loyal representatives, can you have any better evidence of their fidelity to the Constitution and the laws? There is no one learned in the Constitution and the laws, who will say that if a traitor happens to get into Congress, the body cannot expel him after he gets in. That makes assurance doubly sure, and conforms the action of the Government to the Constitution of our fathers. Hence I say, let us stand by that Constitution; and in standing by it the covenant will be preserved."

"The war against slavery has not been fought in vain."—*John W. Forney.*

The soldiers and the people were assured during the progress of the war that *the war was for the preservation of the Union*, but Forney now says it was *against slavery*—that the soldiers volunteered to fight for the negro. The sympathizers of the rebels made a similar charge against the Government—the soldiers did not believe it then and they will not believe it now, and Forney's assertion can have no other effect than to convince Union men that he is falling into line with those who were enemies of the Government during the war. If it was slandering the soldiers for "Copperheads" to say during the war that the soldiers were fighting for the negro, is not Forney slandering the soldier now by asserting that they were fighting to free the slaves.

☞The Government has located a national cemetery near Fredericksburg, on St. Mary's heights, overlooking the town. It is proposed to inter here some twelve thousand bodies of Union soldiers who fell in the two battles of Fredericksburg, and at Chancellorsville, Wilderness, and Spottsylvania Court House. Quite a large number of bodies have already been removed to the cemetery.

☞It is curious sometimes to know who ask for pardons,—quite as curious as it is to observe the degree of censure bestowed on the President, according as it is known who it is that ask for his clemency in behalf of late rebels. It was the other day that the pardoning of some noted Southerner or other at the request of Senator Pomeroy, was published. So distinguished a Republican being the applicant, the act was not particularly censured; but amends were made for this forbearance on the part of those who are determined to let no opportunity pass for censuring the President, when it was made known that he had pardoned Keys and Maney, two prominent rebels. No publication of the petitioners was made at the time, and the presumption was that the President had acted purely on his motion. But the explanation, given in a Washington dispatch, is as follows:

"Most of the pardons now granted by the President are issued upon the earnest request of leading men of the North. I mentioned some prominent cases of this character in my dispatches a few days ago. To-day the President pardoned Wade Keys, of Ala., the Assistant Attorney General of the Southern Confederacy and George Maney, of Nashville, late Brigadier General in the rebel army. The first of these acts of clemency was done upon the special request of Attorney General Speed and Admiral Lee; the second upon the recommendation of Mr. Speed and Maj. General George H. Thomas."

No doubt the President has granted too many pardons, but it is simple justice only that when Republicans and distinguished Unionists ask for pardons and become responsible, the President should have the benefit of that *fact.—Pittsburg Commercial.*

From the Pittsburgh Commercial.

United States Senator.

In the Sunday issue of the Philadelphia *Press* we find the following editorial paragraph:

"*Mr. J. W. Forney's speech, defining* his position as a candidate for United States Senator, pronounced at Lebanon, in this State, on Thursday evening last, will be published at length in to-morrow's *Press.* It will be a full and candid review of the whole political situation."

In announcing himself for the highest position within the gift of the people of Pennsylvania, Mr. Forney has chosen a method of reaching the voters—provided this is the time to do it—which has our decided approval, when it is generally agreed to. Appealing to the people direct from the stump, independent of conventions, committees, or other clap-trap machinery, is something we like, and in Mr. Forney's case it shows reliance on one's own powers and belief in one's own merits which argue the presence of some of the qualities essential in a successful public man. Mr. Forney's views, like those of other men presumed to aspire to the Senatorship, are supposed to be in accord with the principles of the Union party. If they are not, he will not, of course appeal to the party for *support. If they are*, he has in this respect no advantage over other aspirants. It is not presumed that Mr. Forney can set up anything peculiar in his own behalf. If he shall establish his equality he will probably think himself fortunate, for within the borders of our good State there are men the party would gladly honor with the Senatorship, and to be deemed the equal of them would be an honor of which Mr. Forney might be proud. Mr. Forney has probably calculated the consequences to the Union cause of inviting a direct issue on the Senatorship in his own person, giving, as it will, to the contest a character totally different from what, up to this moment, it has had. The canvass between General Geary and the Hon. Heister Clymer has thus far been smooth and eminently satisfactory.—Whether the immediate presence of Mr. Forney will be equal to the introduction of an element of strength or the reverse, persons may differ now and can be decided at a later day.

It is unnecessary to say there will be other candidates, but whether any of them will take the stump, or whether they will think it more expedient to permit the question to take the usual course, we have no opinion to express, although we have an impression on the subject.

☞The New York *Tribune* takes a survey of the crop prospect of 1866, and so far as it has positive information, it is certain that the winter wheat in the State of New York, and several other States, will be a very short crop. Upon the "true wheat lands" of that State, of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, &c., the prospect for winter wheat is very unfavorable. The prospect of a large croy of spring wheat in Minnesota is flattering, and a larger amount was sown than usual. The same is true of the spring sown wheat in other western States. Winter wheat is badly killed in many places. There will be about half an average crop of winter wheat in Ohio, Kentucky and Illinois, but not more than one quarter of a crop in Iowa, and something better in Indiana. Up the valley of the Illinois from Alton, the winter wheat never was better, though nearly destroyed in the eastern part of the State. The prospect is fair for a good yield in Maryland, Delaware, and parts of Pennsylvania, but as a whole, the prospect of a full crop of winter wheat in all the Northern States is certainly unfavorable. A large breadth of spring wheat has been sown, but it is too soon to be begin to calculate what really will be, as it has many enemies to combat before harvest time. The rye crop in New England, Eastern New York, and part of Pennsylvania and New Jersey bids fair, as a general thing, for a good crop. The oats crop is not promising, except in some parts of the West. There has been a larger crop of corn planted than usual, but it is too early to say what it will be.

☞We would advise the Soldiers' League, before they dictate to us how we can best support Gen. Geary, to show by their conduct that *they* are his friends.

A Johnson National Convention.

"A National Union Convention of at least two delegates from each Congressional District of all the States, two from each Territory, two from the District of Columbia, and four delegates at large from each, will be held at the city of Philadelphia on the 14th of August next. Such delegates will be chosen by the electors of the several States who sustain the Administration in *maintaining* unbroken the Union of the States under the Constitution which our fathers established, and who agree in the following propositions, viz:—

"The Union of the States is in every case indissoluble, and is perpetual, and the Constitution of the United States, and the laws passed by Congress in pursuance thereof, are supreme, constant and universal in their obligation.

"The rights, the dignity, and the equality of the States in the Union, including the right of representation in Congress, are solemnly guaranteed by that Constitution, to save which from overthrow so much blood and treasure were expended in the late civil war.

"There is no right anywhere to dissolve the Union, or to separate States from the Union, either by voluntary withdrawal, by force of arms, or by Congressional action, neither by secession of States, nor by the exclusion of their loyal and qualified Representatives, nor by the National Government in any other form.

"Slavery is abolished, and neither can nor ought to be re-established in any State or Territory within our jurisdiction.

"Each State has the undoubted right to prescribe the *qualifications* of its own electors; and no external power rightfully can or ought to dictate, control, or influence the free and voluntary action of the States in the exercise of that right.

"The maintenance inviolate of the rights of the States, and especially of the rights of each State to order and control its own domestic concerns according to its own judgment exclusively, subject only to the Constitution of the United States, is essential to that balance of power on which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depend, and the overthrow of that system by usurpation in centralization of power in Congress would be a revolution, dangerous to a republican Government, and destructive of liberty. Each House of Congress is made, by the Constitution, the sole judge of its election returns and qualifications of its members, but the exclusion of loyal Senators and Representatives, properly chosen and qualified under the Constitution and laws, is unjust and revolutionary. Every patriot should frown upon all these acts and proceedings everywhere, which can serve no other purpose than to rekindle the animosities of war, and the effect of which upon our moral, social, and material interests at home, and our standing abroad, differing only in a degree, is injurious, like war itself. The purpose of the war having been to preserve the Union and the Constitution, by putting down the Rebellion, and the Rebellion having been suppressed, all resistance to the authority of the general Government being at an end, and the war having ceased, war measures should also cease, and should be followed by measures of peaceful administration, so that union, harmony, and industry, commerce and the arts of peace be revived and promoted, and the early restoration of all the States to the exercise of their constitutional powers in the National Government is indispensably necessary to the strength and the defense of the republic and to the maintenance of the public credit. All such electors in the thirty-six States and nine Territories of the United States, and of the District of Columbia who, in a spirit of patriotism and love for the Union, can rise above personal and sectional considerations, and who desire to see a truly National Union Convention, which shall represent all the States and Territories of the Union, assembled as friends and brothers under the national flag, to hold council together upon the state of the Union, and to *take measures to avert possible dangers* from the same, are especially requested to take part in the choice of such delegates.

"But no delegate will take a seat in such convention who does not loyally accept the national situation and cordially endorse the principles above set forth, and who is not attached in true allegiance to the Constitution, the Union, and the Government of the United States.

"WASHINGTON, June 25, 1866.

"A. W. Randall, President; J. R. Doolittle, O. H. Browning, Edgar Cowan, Charles Knapp, Samuel Fowler, Executive Committee National Union (Johnson) Club.

"We recommend the holding of the above Convention, and endorse the call therefor.

"James Dixon, J. A. Hendricks, Daniel S. Norton, J. W. Nesmith."

A Dreadful Calamity.

One of the most shocking and lamentable casualties we were ever called upon to chronicle, says the Louisville *Journal* of the 19th, occurred yesterday afternoon. About half past 2 o'clock, Miss Jennie Brown, daughter of Dr. W. W. Brown, residing on Madison street, a few doors below Eleventh street, together with Miss Sallie Hart, a young lady spending the day with her, left the parlor, and their absence was not noticed by Mrs. Brown until a lady caller, about an hour and a half subsequently, went to the privy, and, returning, told Mrs. Brown that there was no floor in the out-house. Mrs. Brown immediately suspected the dire calamity that had befallen her daughter and friend, and gave the alarm.—As soon as possible, and after considerable trouble, the bodies of the unfortunate young girls were taken from the horrible pit in which their happy lives were sacrificed. Miss Brown was eighteen years of age, and was to have been married very soon. The out-house was a common weather-boarded thing, set over a circular bricked up vault some thirty feet in depth, and about half filled. The floor of the house rested upon a thin board, just resting upon the sides of the vault, and had evidently dry rotted until, in falling, the whole floor, with its living freight, passed into the vault below.

Reading matter on every page.

Commencement of the European War.

The steamship *Jura* brings intelligence of the formal commencement of the great European war. We say "formal" for there has been an actual state of war ever since Prussia took possession of Holstein. The Federal Diet having, on the 14th of June, agreed to the Austrian proposition for the mobilization of the Federal army, Prussia, agreeably to previous notice, carried out her threat to consider it an act of hostility on the part of those States—which supported it, and on the following day commenced the war by sending troops into Saxony and Hanover.

A report, which is not confirmed, however, prevailed at Paris that an engagement had taken place at Leipsic on the 16th.

Prussia has issued a declaration to the great powers justifying the invasion, on the ground that the decision of the Diet on the 14th broke up the Confederation, and that the law of self-preservation compelled Prussia to secure herself against the neighboring States, in open or concealed hostility; that she had previously offered a conditional alliance, which was rejected.

We thus have the immediate and ostensible occasion for the war, as Prussia gives it to the world. It will be seen that it at once involves all Germany, instead of merely including Prussia and Austria. Its grand and imposing proportions may be realized when we consider that, as it now stands, it involves a population of over seventy millions. If to this number we add Italy, we have the tremendous total of quite one hundred millions of human beings, all of whose resources and energies are now to be turned to the terrible work of destruction and death. There has been nothing to compare with it since the days of the elder Bonaparte.

Europe has been so often fought over that its strategic points are well settled. We shall accordingly find the battles of the present war occurring, in all probability, upon the old sites which have so often trembled beneath the tread of the armed legions of the great heroes of history.

Leipsic, where the first engagement is reported to have occurred, is the scene of that terrible three days' battle in October, 1813, where Napoleon, with 130,000 men, withstood the assault of the allies with 250,000, until he was finally overpowered and driven out of the city, with the loss of nearly half his army.

The proximity of the Prussian and Austrian armies is such, and the anxiety on either side to secure the advantages of position and the prestige of success so urgent, that a great battle must be close at hand.—*Phila. Evening Telegraph.*

NEWS SUMMARY.

☞A man in Philadelphia has been sued for $25,000 for a breach of promise. His defense is—and it ought to clear him—that he was ready to marry her last winter, but she kept putting it off, and as she weighs 285 pounds he prefers not to marry during the warm weather.

☞On one little street in Galena, Illinois, and within the space of four blocks, were at one time the business places of six private citizens, now known as Lieutenant General Grant, Major General John E. Smith, Major General Rawlins, Major General Chetlain and Brigadier General J. A. Malthy.

☞The Buffalo *Express* of Friday announces the arrival during the previous forty-eight hours of no less than one hundred and sixty-one grain vessels, whose cargoes will foot up a total of two million six hundred and nine thousand two hundred and fifty-two bushels—the greatest accumulation of grain that ever lay at one time within any harbor on the globe.

☞Great excitement prevails in Fayettoville, in the town of Manlius, Onondaga county, N. Y., over the supposed poisoning of more than forty persons in that village. Reports were in circulation that the cholera had broken out there, but upon investigation the cause of the sickness was traced to some cheese sold by a merchant in the village. The deaths resulting from the poisoning already number two, while several others are not expected to survive.

☞A Parisian letter writer describes the Emperor as follows: He is of much lower stature than I had thought, and inclined to be fleshy; is quite grey, and wears no other beard than a moustache and imperial. He has a large and remarkable fine shaped head and bright eye. He was very plainly clad in a pepper and salt citizens' dress, with silk hat and white silk gloves. He returned, in a good natured, graceful manner, the frequent unostentatious greetings of the passers by.

☞A new arrangement has been placed on the cars of the Portland and Kennebec Railroad for indicating the name of the station at which the train is about to stop. It consists of a glass case, conspicuously posted, containing a roll of white linen, on which is printed in bold type the name of all the stations on the road. As soon as one station is passed the brakeman turns the roll with a key until the name of the next station appears. The idea is worthy of imitation.

☞The Treasury Department has received a copy of a circular that has been generally distributed throughout the country by an establishment in New York, in which they state that for fifty dollars in currency they will procure for parties fifty-five dollars in the new fifty cent coin. This is a transparent attempt at swindling. It has already been announced that as soon as the coin is ready for distribution quantities in fifty dollars packages my be obtained by addressing the Director of the Mint, at Philadelphia.

☞A strange spectacle was recently presented in a Prussian town, when the levies of troops were about starting. The train was ready, but the wives of the soldiers opposed its departure, throwing themselves in their despair on the rails in front of the locomotive. Recourse to violence could not be employed. What was to be done? The station master proposed to the women to accompany their husbands, but in separate carriages. The poor creatures consented; but when the train started, the carriages with the women did not move. The station master had them detached, but wisely took care to get away before the discovery was made.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO TAX COLLECTORS.

You are requested to collect and pay over to the Treasurer, as great an amount as you possibly can by the August Court. Money is needed for the current expenses of the county. Be careful to receive no notes but greenbacks or the notes of national banks, as none others are received on deposit by the bank at this place.

By order of the Commissioners,
HENRY W. MILLER, Clerk.

July 2, 1866.

MILNWOOD ACADEMY,
SHADE GAP,
Huntingdon Co., Pa.

A SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The next session of this Institution will open, TUESDAY JULY 31st., and continue for a term of eleven weeks.

The large attendance during the last term is an evidence that the efforts being made, are duly appreciated. This School is recommended for its cheapness, and particularly for the healthfulness of the situation. It is connected with Mount Union, a station on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, from which it is distant seventeen miles, by a daily line of Stages. No efforts will be spared to make it one of the first schools of the land.

TERMS.—Boarding, Tuition and Room Rent, per session of eleven weeks, $45,00. One half at the commencement, and the balance at the close of the term. Music Extra.

For further particulars address,
W. A. HUNTER, Principal.
Shade Gap, Huntingdon Co., Pa.

July 2, 1866.

GOLD
RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT,
For which Certificates will be issued,
Bearing Interest In GOLD.
E. W. CLARK & CO.,
BANKERS, No. 35, SOUTH 3D STREET,
Philadelphia.
Jo.27,1m.

THE MANAGER OF
CASTILIAN GARDEN

Takes pleasure in announcing to the CITIZENS and PUBLIC, in general. That on
SATURDAY EVENING, June 30th.,
and every evening during the following week.

THE CELEBRATED THEATRICAL, ETHIOPIAN TERPSICHOREAN COMBINATION, from the principal Cities in the States, Will make their first appearance at this place in new SONGS, DANCES, FARCES, BURLESQUES, OPERAS, PANTOMIMES, NEGRO ECCENTRICITIES, &c.

Look at the array of Talent:

MR. BILLY CHAMBERS,
King of Banjoists. Comedian and Bonefst.
Mr. HARRY RICHMOND,
The celebrated Ethiopian Comedian, Song and Dance Man, and Tamborinist.
MR. J. C. KEENE,
The Greatest Jig and Essence Danopr in the World, and Interrogater.
MASTER BARNEY,
The Great Pathetic Balladist.
MR. HARRY WELLS,
Leader of the Orchestra and General Performer.
PROF. STEPHANY,
Musical Director and Pianist.
MR. E. W. THOMAS,
The unapproachable Cornetist.
MR. HARRY LESLIE,
Versatile Performer,

L. T. Wattson,	Alex. M. Lloyd,	John A. Lemon,
David Blair,	Geo. S. Roberts,	James Burns,
T. T. Wierman,	W. J. Howard,	John Lingafelt,
John Scott,	R. B. Wigton,	James Gardner,
John N. Swoope,	J. J. Patterson,	Wm. Dorris, Jr.

may30-2m

An entire change of PROGRAMME AT EVERY PERFORMANCE.

The Manager would respectfully state to THE LADIES OF HUNTINGDON AND VICINITY, that the entertainment will be of the most chaste and respectable character and entirely void of vulgarity, and nothing will occur to mar the modesty of the most fastidious.

PERFORMANCE TO COMMENCE AT 8 O'CLOCK, PRECISELY. ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

E. C. SUMMERS, Sole Proprietor.
HARRY WELLS, Business Manager,

EXTRA CARD.

A GRAND EXTRA ENTERTAINMENT will be given on the FOURTH OF JULY, AFTERNOON AT 3 O'CLOCK. For the LADIES and CHILDREN of Huntingdon and vicinity. When an entire change of Programme will be given.

June 27, 1866.

WARM SPRINGS.
THIS SUMMER RESORT
IS NOW OPEN,
and in splendid order.
The Bathing Facilities
were never so fine, the Bowling Alley is one of the best to be found, and a new Billiard Table has just been put up. No effort has been spared to secure the comfort of visitors.

Pleasure seekers are invited to call at the Springs—only five miles from Huntingdon, over a good road.

The TABLE is furnished with the best that the market affords, and every attention is given to please even the most fastidious.

Parties from the surrounding towns are cordially invited to visit the Springs.

W. J. GEISSINGER,
Proprietor.

☞Hacks run daily, morning and evening, except Sunday, from Huntingdon to the Springs.

June 23, tf.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

MR. LEWIS: I see in the Huntingdon *Journal and American*, the name of DAVID SNARE, Esq., made use of for the office of Associate Judge. I am pleased to see it—no better man in the county could be named, nor any more worthy. His long experience as a Justice of the Peace, his honesty and independence, fully qualifies him for that office. I have consulted with a number of persons on the subject, and find that he will secure a general support, if nominated by the Union Convention of this county. A SUBSCRIBER.

June 23, 1866.—tc.*

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE
IN HUNTINGDON.

NEW GOODS
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.
WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will be sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, Apl. 24, 1866.

NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY, OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE, 12 WALL STREET.

Cash Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $270,000.
Total Assets, $1,270,000

This Company insures against all loss or damage by fire, inland navigation, transportation, &c. The cost of insuring in this company is no more than the first cost would be in these small Mutual Companies.

With no Assessments!

This Company is made safe by the State laws of New York, which is not the case with the Pennsylvania Insurance Companies.

J. D. STEELE, President. P. NOTHAM, Secretary,
HENRY RIP, Supt. of Agencies.
ANDREW JOHNSTON, Agent,
may1-6m Huntingdon, Penna.

Office formerly occupied by W. H. Woods, Esq., Hill st

GEO. SHAEFFER
Has just returned from the east with a
SPLENDID STOCK
OF
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,
Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most
REASONABLE PRICES,
and those who purchase once will surely call again.
BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,
and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.

Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. my2

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of J. J. Fee, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted are requested to make payment and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

SAML. T. BROWN,
JOHN D. FEE,
June, 20, 1866-6t. Executors.

FOR RENT. A room suitable for an office. Inquire of Mrs. Hartley.

June 12, 1866-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
(Estate of Peter Sigafoos, deceased.)

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon County, to distribute the balance in the hands of Abraham Weight and Casper Weight Administrators of Peter Sigafoos, deceased, will attend at the office of SCOTT, BROWN and BAILEY, in the borough of Huntingdon, on *Thursday the 28th of June*, 1866, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of making said distribution: when and where all persons interested are requested to attend and present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of the fund.

JOHN M. BAILEY,
June 9, 1866-4t. Auditor.

Notice.

THE undersigned Corporators named in the act of Assembly, entitled an Act to incorporate the Pennsylvania Canal Company," approved the first day of May, 1866, will open books and receive subscriptions to the capital stock of said company at the places and times following:

PHILADELPHIA, at Room No. 23, Merchant's Exchange, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 26th day of June, 1866.

HARRISBURG, at the Lochiel House, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 10th day of July, 1866.

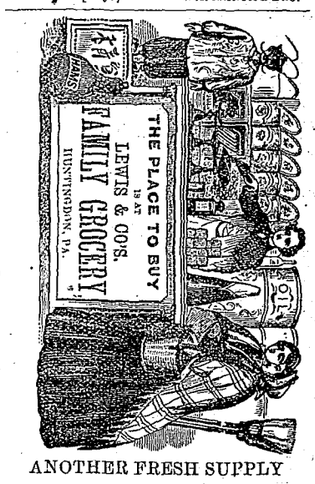
HUNTINGDON, at the Morrison House, at 10 o'clock, a m., on the 19th day of July, 1866.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—[Estate of Eliza J. Gilliland, dec'd.] Letters testamentary upon the will and testament of Eliza J Gilliland, late of Union township, Huntingdon County, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated to the undersigned.

A. W. SWOOPE,
JOHN GAYTON, Sr.,
May 29, 1866-6t. Executors.

TO THE LADIES.
The best assortment of
ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,
Just received this day from New York and for sale at the cheap cash store of WM. MARCH & BRO.

A splendid assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
FANCY TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS
Just received this day from New York and for sale cheap at [may2] WM. MARCH & BRO.



ANOTHER FRESH SUPPLY
OF
Choice GROCERIES
JUST RECEIVED
At Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.
Also,
EARLY VEGETABLES
Received fresh from the Philadelphia market every Wednesday and Saturday morning.
Also,
Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.
Also,
Spiced Lobster, Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and
All kinds of Syrups,
such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c
CALL AND SEE.

JUNIATA
STEAM PEARL MILL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
IS NOW
IN COMPLETE RUNNING ORDER
FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR.
The patronage of the town and country is respectfully solicited.
GRAIN, of every description,
Bought at this mill.
McCAHAN & SON.
Huntingdon, May 2, 1866

1000 BUSHELS WHEAT
Wanted at Steam Pearl Mill.
my2 McCAHAN & SON.

FURNITURE!
J. M. WISE,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
FURNITURE
Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W. Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call. Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.
☞Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.
The subscriber has a

NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE,
and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country. J. M. WISE.
Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD,
Preferred by all practical Painters! Try it! and you will have no other. Manufactured only by
ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers,
No. 137 Nth. Third st., Philada.
Jan24-1y

LOVE'S Pure and Superior Rio Coffee in packages of one pound, for sale at
LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, July 4, 1866.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

Brief Items.

—We print this number of the *Globe* a day earlier than usual that all hands may enjoy the 4th.

—Mast. Barney, the Juvenile Pathetic Balladist, at Castilian Garden.

—A word in time—Any of our citizens going to the city should beware of pickpockets and confidence men.

— Don't forget E. W. Thomas, the Celebrated Cornetist, every night at Castilian Garden.

—The whooping-cough is prevalent among the children in this place, but we have heard of none suffering from a very severe attack.

—Many of our neighboring exchanges have determined not to publish any paper this week, on account of the national holiday.

—A rumor is afloat that all free passes on the Penna. Central are to be lifted. What a falling of mouths and pocket money amongst the D. H's if the rumor is found to be true!

—To-morrow, Wednesday, is the glorious Fourth. We would advise our citizens to be up and doing if we only knew some *new* appeal to make to awake their patriotism on this occasion. We expect to hear enough, should we not see enough.

— Go and see Harry Leslie in Favorite Parts, at Castilian Garden.

—Excursion tickets on the Pennsylvania Railroad have been issued from the 1st of July up to the 8th. Many of our citizens will take advantage of the reduction of fare to see the grand ceremonies at the flag presentation in Philadelphia on the 4th.

— Go and see the Greatest Combination in the World, at Castilian Garden.

—Base Ball clubs are starting up in every town, of any size, in the State. We notice that our neighboring towns are also getting awake to this subject, and clubs are organizing, thus affording the Social of this place a chance for numerous match games.

— Prof. Stephany, the Celebrated Pianist, at Castilian Garden.

—A man named Michael Beshoar, says a Mifflin paper, observed a large copperhead crawling under a flat stone when he killed it and twenty-five smaller ones. This is snaky. The paper says the man is an old Republican. He ought to be; as his services are indispensable in the coming election to kill Copperhead votes.

— Go see Harry Richmond, the World Renowned Song and dance man at Castilian Garden.

—We learn, says the Hollidaysburg *Register*, that on Sunday last a male infant was found in a state of nudity, near the bluff above town. A handkerchief was thrown over it. The child was alive when found, but lived but a short time after having been taken to a house in the neighborhood.

—Capt. Daniel K. Ramey, says the Hollidaysburg *Standard*, in excavating the cellar of the new Seminary building, had the good luck to strike a vein of excellent fossil iron ore, which readily commands $2 50 and $3 per ton. It is thought a sufficient amount can be taken out to realize some $4,000 or $5,000, which will assist materially in the erection of the building. It was certainly a lucky hit for the stockholders.

— Don't fail to see J. C. Keene, the greatest Jig and Essence Dancer in the World, at Castilian Garden.

—The Methodist Sunday School intend holding its annual pic-nic at the Cottage Grove on the Fourth. With joyous hearts and plenty of "goodies," we have no doubt the lads and lasses will enjoy themselves hugely. We say give them plenty fun and few or no speeches, and they will like it better. We are speaking for the little ones, who don't like to listen to a dry speech with a winding end.

— Harry Wells, Violinist and general performer at Castilian Garden.

—If this town isn't plagued we dont know what a plague is. A while since we were shocked to see dead cats and dogs lying here and there, but now we have to record that a boa constrictor big enough to swallow a lamb is lying (dead, of course,) near Muddy Run.—This monster snake (name unknown) belonged to the showmen recently here, and dying, we believe was buried by them, but was unearthed by some curious boys. After snakes, what else to plague us this cholera season?

— Don't forget Billy Chambers, the Champion Banjoist of the World, at Castilian Garden.

Millwood Academy.

This institution will soon be opened. Mr. Hunter, the proprietor, is a gentleman deserving of patronage, being one who does everything to secure comfort, and impart instruction to his pupils. The Academy is in a flourishing condition and has gained an enviable reputation under his management. See card under new advertisements.

Looming up.

Huntingdon is beginning to cast aside fogyism. We give this for what we believe to be a fact. Our young men were among the first to inaugurate here the new era of Base Ballism, (and older ones now find a fund of enjoyment in this novelty;) the Castilian Garden, still kept by that indomitable prince (king, rather,) of varieties, now boasts a set of danseuse, together with a band of musicians of the first class, who discourse music, merriment and excitement to the crowds that nightly attend. The two bands; one brass the other string, still outlive the most sanguine expectations of some of our citizens who thought they would die out in a given time like everything else that is started, and the nightly serenades that salute our ears not only have a pleasing effect but encourage us to believe that they are perfecting permanence as well as excellence.

Our hotels are now boasting a run of city custom, and we are sure our accommodating landlords know how to cater to the wants of the most fastidious. Col. Geissinger, at the Warm Springs, is making his first attempt at "keeping hotel," and, as in everything else, the beginner does his best, so does Mr. G., and his gratified guests fully appreciate his unspairing efforts, and will give the Springs a wider reputation than ever before attained.

Lewis & Co's Family Grocery is another improvement that makes fogyism shake. Our citizens, we have found, like good things just as well as *city*-zens (or as we do ourself,) and the manner in which the dainties and substantials disappear, is a strong indication that our people will "live while they live."

We need not expatiate on the beautiful and romantic location of Huntingdon, the wide expanse yet unpopulated, the healthiness of the climate, but indeed we cannot tell why Huntingdon should not become a — well, we were going to say "city," but we know an instance where some people got "too big" and agitated the matter too soon for weak-minded persons to vote in favor of it. We are encouraged, hower, because we think prospects are looming up in Old Mother Huntingdon, owing to a prevalent spirit of enterprise, and before many centuries revolve, we think it will be a city, with one daily paper, at least. So mote it be.

Croquet.

The spirit of ball playing which now possesses our young men generally, has at last seized the ladies, and we understand arrangements are being made to have a croquet club organized We are not well enough versed in ball matters to give an idea how this game is played, but we believe it is a popular game in the cities. A ball and peculiar bat is used in the game. It is a ladies' game, and is therefore just the thing to give our ladies good health and a ruddy countenance. The interest which some of the ladies manifest at exhibitions of skill by the young men in base ball, convinces us that they can take more interest in a game of their own. We expect to hear of a game in the course of a week, and if so we would be pleased to give the scorings. We would also like to witness a game in order to give a description of it.

—The Social Base Ball Club of this place has chosen its first and second nines. They are already receiving challenges, and have accepted one from the club in Alexandria, this co., and one from the Kickenepawling, of Johnstown. The Socials are fully able to cope, we venture, with any club that was organized this spring, and it will not be long before older clubs will suffer defeat through the surpassing skill and matchless activity of the Social. We dont think we are making use of any vain flattery, but we wish to be understood to say that the material of the club is good, only requiring some practice to acquire perfection.

The Circus.

"We advise our readers, if they wish to save their character and their money, to stay away from this Peter Fink exhibition. Hands on your pocket books."—*Journal & American.*

Reader, would you believe it? It's true; Robert McDivitt after writing and publishing the above was one of the most conspicuous lookers on in the circus, seated between two ladies. Of course, it didn't cost him any thing, except the risk of losing his character and his pocket book. Hope he got off without losing either.

—The *Journal & American* says all Johnson men—all who favor his policy are Copperheads. Stick a pin there.

MARRIED,

On the 21st ult., by Rev. J. A. Price, Mr. LLOYD of Coffee Run, and Miss SARAH HAGEY of Blair county.

On the same day, at the Washington House, by the same, Mr. JAMES MACOOL, and Miss KATE M. SMITH, both of Oneida twp. Hunt., county.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. W. H. SHARVER, and MOLLIE M. ESTEP, both of Huntingdon.

On the 28th ult., at the Exchange Hotel, by the same, Mr. J. T. WESTON, and Miss MARY A. WOODRING, both of Warriorsmark.

At the same time, and place, by the same, Mr. J. A. MONG, and Miss ELLEN C. GANOE, both of Warriorsmark.

By A. Johnson, Esq., on Thursday, June 28th., in Huntingdon, Mr. AND. G. FLECK of Mapleton, and Miss ELLEN MOORE of Union twp. both of Huntingdon county.

Soldiers' Meeting.

Minutes of a Meeting of the Boys in Blue of Huntingdon county, held in Huntingdon, Pa., June 29, 1866.

Mr. M. S. Lytle in the chair. Minutes of last stated meeting read and adopted, with the exception of the paragraph relating to the censure of Mr. Gregg.

Mr. Cunningham, Recording Secretary, offered his resignation, which on motion was not accepted.

The following was offered as an interpretation of Section 3, Article 1:

Be it resolved, That so much of section 3d, article 1st, as refers to men who have performed military service, means that those persons who have been in active military service of the U. S. and received an honorable discharge therefrom, (whether or not a resident of this county,) shall upon being proposed and elected by the required number of votes become honorary members of this League.

Resolutions passed at Pittsburg convention were read and adopted.

On motion of Major McCabe, a committee be appointed by the chair to invite Major General Geary to visit the League and notify the officers when he would be present. Committee—Maj. McCabe, George W. Warfel and James E. Wilson.

On motion of Major Neff the name be changed from the Geary Club to "The Boys in Blue of Huntingdon County." The following were elected honorary members: Gens. Grant, Geary, Butler, Meade, Hartranft, Hon. A. G. Curtin, Col. J. A. Wright. President Andrew Johnson was nominated but rejected by the Convention. On motion the nomination closed.

The following resolution, offered by M. G. Davis, after some discussion, was not passed:

Resolved, That whilst we hereby declare our intention and willingness to acquiesce in and support all nominations of the Republican Union Convention, we would yet recommend a liberal apportionment of the offices for which the nominations are to be made, among the faithful and war-worn soldiery of the county, and we hereby declare the sentiment of the Soldiers' League of Huntingdon county to be for the soldier for nomination, when the merits of candidates are equal.

On motion of Mr. Gregg the resolution be published in the minutes of the meeting. On motion of Dr. Devor the explanation of the chairman be inserted and published also. The Chair informed the League that the resolution was similar to one already passed and as the charge had been made that what we did at one meeting was repealed at the next and if the resolution was passed it would look as if we were doing the same thing all the time, and stated further that a resolution similar had been offered at the Soldiers State Convention at Pittsburg which on being referred to the Committee on Resolution had been tabled as it reflected on our friends of the Union Republican party.

The following resolution was offered by George W. Koons, read and adopted:

Whereas, An effort is being made in this Congressional District, by men who, we believe, have not the interests of the soldiers at heart, to prevent the nomination of a soldier to represent us in Congress; therefore

Resolved, That we the soldiers of Huntingdon county condemn such acts, and call upon our friends throughout the district to aid us in securing the nomination of a candidate who has seen service in the field and bears upon his body the honorable scars of battle.

The following resolution was offered and adopted:

Resolved, That the loyal Governors of all States shall be eligible on election to become members of the Convention.

On motion to reconsider the vote on declining to receive the resignation of the Recording Secretary was lost.

Committee on Finance report nothing, when committee was discharged on account of having failed to take any action towards securing finances and for inefficiency.

Committee on Transportation reported and were instructed to procure one car for the accommodation of the Boys in Blue from this county, when Mr. Gregg, chairman, declined doing so.

On motion of Major McCabe a new Committee on Finance was appointed to consist of Major McCabe, Captain Brewster, and Major Devor.

The following resolution from West township was offered by Mr. McCartney, read and adopted:

WHEREAS, The Congressional plan of reconstruction, by means of which justice is done to the loyal sentiment of the nation and rebels are rendered powerless for mischief, meets with our entire approval and, *Whereas,* the State Central Committee was formed for the purpose of organizing and carrying on a campaign, having for its object the election of General John W. Geary, for Governor of Pennsylvania, and, *Whereas,* the member of said Committee appointed to represent the Union Republican men of the county, is at present editing a paper, which not only teems with abuse of the great and leading Statesmen of the present Congress, who devised and matured said plan of reconstruction, but has also become *entirely silent* on the subject of Governor, while endorsing the course of Edgar Cowan and other traitors to the Union Party, therefore,

Resolved, That the Boys in Blue of Huntingdon County, respectfully request Col. Frank Jordan, Chairman of the State Central Committee of Pennsylvania, to appoint a reliable member of the Union Republican Party in the place of William Lewis, Editor of the Huntingdon *Globe,* who is now so basely representing the party he had himself appointed to serve.

Mr. Flenner offered the following resolution, which was passed:

Resolved, That the friends of Andrew Johnson, who are soldiers in good standing, be permitted to become members of this League.

No further business appearing, on motion the meeting adjourned.

W. F. CUNNINGHAM, Rec. Sec.

☞ Blair County "Democratic Convention" declared for John Cresswell, of Hollidaysburg, for Congress.

Gold Pens & Pencils,

The best assortment of the handsomest and best styles, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf

Match Game.

The following is the scoring of a match game played on Saturday afternoon last, between the Social Base Ball Club of this place, and the Hartslog of Alexandria, this county. The game was played on the grounds of the Social, and many spectators were present. The playing was exceedingly well done for such young clubs, both of them having been organized late in the spring. When the Social plays the return match, on the Hartslog grounds, it is thought they will have a harder struggle. The Social plays the Kickenepawling, of Johnstown, to day, Monday.

SOCIAL.	Outs.	Runs.	HARTSLOG.	Outs.	Runs.
H. G. Fisher, c.	5	8	A. Illinger, c.	4	5
T. C. Fisher, p.	3	10	D. S. Henderson, p.	4	5
D. H. Kooker, 1 b.	2	10	S. I. McPherran, s. s	4	4
J. M. Bailey, 2 b.	2	6	G. Porter, 1 b.	3	5
E. Benedict, 3 b.	3	7	A. McPherran, 2 b.	2	5
H. Smith, s. s.	2	7	G. Swoope, 3 b.	2	5
W. Gray, r. f.	3	7	H. Cresswell, l. f.	4	3
L. Kline, c. f.	3	6	R. Grafius, c. f.	3	5
E. Ashcum, l. f.	4	8	H. McPherran, r. f.	1	5
	27	69		27	42

INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Social	10	25	0	9	2	14	6	6	3	69
Hartslog	1	1	8	0	4	8	10	10	0	42

Home runs—Social 4; Hartsleg 3. Fly catches—Social 5; Hartslog 2. Time of game, three hours.

Umpire—J. S. Blair; Scorers—A. B. Crewitt, Social; G. C. Bucher, Hartslog.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HORACE GREELEY'S
HISTORY OF THE WAR,
"THE AMERICAN CONFLICT."

Upwards of 100,000 Copies Sold.

The high character of this work has gained for it among the distinguished men and leading journals of all parties, a reputation accorded to no other History of

THE GREAT CIVIL WAR.

As a complete, lucid, impartial and authentic record of events, marked throughout by great care and discrimination, it has no rival.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

It is of course a history from a standpoint of observation far distant from our own, and from that of the Democracy generally; but it is marked by much less prejudice, and is disfigured by far less partisan feeling, than most of our friends would imagine. It contains a vast amount of information, and is altogether superior to any volume on the subject that has yet appeared.

From the North American Review.

He writes without passion, making due allowance for human nature in the South as well as the North.

From the New York Daily News.

Joshua R. Giddings, J. T. Headley, J. S. C. Abbott, Lossing and Horace Greeley have all published the first parts of a history of the war; but of these, no one has been so successful as that of Mr Greeley, nor is worthy the same attention.

From the (London) Westminster Review.

It is temperate, and gives way to no vituperation, although thoroughly in earnest, and if we may admire the industry which has enabled the editor of the leading newspaper in America to do this at such a time, we may still more admire the spirit of fairness and directness which characterize this very valuable work.

From the New York World.

MR. GREELEY AS A HISTORIAN.—He has few equals as a writer of vigorous English. He is terse, racy, direct, going straight to the heart of the subject as it presents itself to his view, hitting it off occasionally by a dash of grotesque humor, but more frequently irradiating it with gleams of shrewd, homely sense.

From the Boston Pilot.

We recommend the perusal of "The American Conflict" to those who do not intend merely to talk about matters and things, but who wish to speak rationally and from conviction.

O. D. CASE & CO., Publishers,
my23 Hartford, Conn.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS & CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, *Holland,*) *No. 510 PINE street, PHILADA. Testimonials* from the most reliable sources in the city and country, can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain.—No charge for examination. mh21866-1y

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

June, 30:

Family Flour	$11.50
Extra Flour	$9,75
Superfine Flour	$8,50
Rye Flour	$6,50
Corn Meal	$4,25
Extra White Wheat	$3,20@3,35
Fair and Prime Red	$2,50@3,10
Rye	$1,39
Corn, prime Yellow	1.05
Oats	70
Barley	75
Clover seed, ₩64 lbs	$5,75
Timothy	$5,25
Flaxseed	$3,00
Wool	60@70
Hides	13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. E. HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour ₩ bl	$11,00
Extra Flour	$12,00
Family Flour	$13,00
Corn Meal ₩ cwt.	$1,70
Buckwheat Meal ₩ cwt	$5,00
Red Wheat	$2,50 @ 2,75
White Wheat	$2,60 @ 2,60
Corn	80 to 90
Oats	65
Barley	70
Rye	$1,00
Cloverseed ₩ 64 lbs	$4,00 @ 5,50
Timothy	$2,75 to 3,00
Flaxseed	$1,75 to 2,05
Rye Chop ₩ cwt	$1,80
Bran ₩ cwt	$1,15
Shorts ₩ cwt	$1,60
Mixed Chop	$1,75
Plaster per ton	$10,00
Beeswax ₩ lb	30
Hops ₩ lb	40 to 60
Rags ₩ lb	4
Beans ₩ bus	$2,00
Feathers ₩ lb	55 to 85
Tallow	10 to 12
Dried Apples ₩ lb	13 to 20
Dried Peaches ₩ lb	18 to 25
Ham	25 to 30
Sides	20
Shoulder	18
Dried Beef	30
Lard	20
Butter	20
Eggs	20
Country Soap	10
Hay ₩ ton	$10,00
Rye Straw ₩ bundle	8
Potatoes ₩ bus	$1,00
Apple Butter ₩ gallon	$1,25
Wool ₩ lb	40 to 45
Large Onions ₩ bus	$1,40
Corn Brooms ₩ doz	$3,00 to 4,50
Chickens	20 to 25
Turkeys	75 to 1,50
Dried Cherries ₩ quart	12

SALES.

PRIVATE SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

I will sell at private sale, the following Real Estate:

No. 1. The FARM on which I now live, called "Bellemeade," lying in Morris township, Huntingdon county, Pa., bounded by lands of H. Bridenbaugh, Hugh Seeds, and others, containing, with the mountain tract, about

362 ACRES,

This farm is prime limestone land, about 112 acres cleared, well cultivated, under good post and rail fence, and the balance finely timbered with white, red and rock oak, and chestnut. It has a good stone and frame dwelling house, bank barn, stone spring house, with a never failing spring of the very best water, wagon shed, corn crib, and other buildings, three orchards of apples, peaches and pears. Lies but a short distance from Spruce Creek

No. 2. A tract of 50 Acres of fine limestone land, in Franklin township, adjoining lands of D. Shultz, Union Furnace, and the Little Juniata, 20 acres cleared and in clover; balance in Locust timber.

No. 3. A LOT OF GROUND, in Morris township, and the whole of Sugar Island, opposite No. 2, containing about 2 acres, adjoining land of R. Tussey.

Terms will be made known by the subscriber,
ap18-3m* BENJ. F. WALLACE.

LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers have some lots in the town of Grantsville, or Marklesburg station, which they will sell at low price, from $30 to $100. All who desire a good healthy location to build would do well to call upon them soon at their store, and secure for themselves lots at low prices.
Grantsville, my16. BOYER & GARNER.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.

NEW STORE, NEW GOODS, NEW FIRM.

BOYER & GARNER

Would respectfully inform the public that they have just opened a
NEW STORE AT GRANTSVILLE, (Marklesburg station)
Consisting of Groceries of all kinds, Dry Goods, such as prints, muslins, de laines, &c.; Hardware, Queensware, and a large lot of Shoes at reduced prices; Hats, Caps, Tinware, salt, fish, wooden and willow ware, drugs and stationery, which they are prepared to sell at very low prices to those who will favor us with a call.
BOYER & GARNER.
Grantsville, May 16, 1866.

$90 A MONTH!—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. co 20 1866-1y

HARVEST

IS

COMING,

AND

FARMERS

SHOULD SUPPLY THEMSELVES WITH

THE BEST

HORSE HAY FORKS

SCYTHES & SNATHS,

RAKES AND FORKS,

GRINDSTONES,

And all other Harvesting Implements to be had at

JAS. A. BROWN'S

NEW METROPOLITAN

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,
RAILROAD STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of
MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,
and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.,
than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS, JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of
Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.
Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.
An excellent assortment of
Fine Cutlery,
Comprising
KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.
BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,
Of the latest and most improved patterns,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE
AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS
Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of
Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS
Can be supplied with
ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES, SLEDGES, HAMMERS,
HORSE AND MULE SHOES,
Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS
Will find in our establishment a superior stock of
PLANES, SAWS, AUGERS, HATCHETS, HAMMERS, FILES, CHISELS, HINGES, SCREWS, LOCKS, BOLTS, PULLEYS, SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.
NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties,
BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,
COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers
Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Whet-stone.

Builders
Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of
BUILDING HARDWARE,
and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,
Comprising the famous Russell
Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,
Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,
Rakes,
Scythes,
Hoes,
Hay Forks,
Trace and Halter Chains,
Breast Chains,
Cow Ties,
Curry Combs,
Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated
OHIO PUMP,
The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for acircular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.
Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including
Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,
FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of
GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,
Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF
COOK & PARLOR STOVES.
ALL SIZES OF
NAILS AND BRADS,
By the keg. Very low!
Best Norway nail, rod, bar and hoop Iron.
STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.
WAGON BOXES,
CARRIAGE SPRINGS,
IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,
By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please. ☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.
Huntingdon, February 27, 1866.

1866. 1866.
CLOTHING.
H. ROMAN.
NEW
CLOTHING
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.
For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.
Huntingdon april 10, '66.

NEW CLOTHING
AT LOW PRICES.
M. CUTMAN
HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Which he offers to all who want to be
CLOTHED,
AT PRICE TO SUIT THE TIMES,
His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for
MEN AND BOYS,
ALSO,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.
Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.
Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.
MANUAL GUTMAN.
Huntingdon ap. 10, '66.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
NEW GOODS.
D. P. GWIN
INFORMS THE PUBLIC
THAT HE HAS
JUST OPENED
A
SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS
THAT
CAN'T BE BEAT
IN
CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.
COME AND SEE.
D. P. GWIN.
ap. 10 '66.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.
Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.
THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accommodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of
SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.
ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.
A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.
☞ His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove.
Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, ap. 10, 1866

NEW FAMILY GROCERY STORE,
WM. LONG would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity to the fact that he has just opened a FAMILY GROCERY STORE at the old stand of Christopher Long, where he will keep constantly on hand a full and well assorted stock of
FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,
such as Lovering's Syrup, N. Orleans and Porto Rico Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Dried Beef, Flour, Fish, Cheese, Rice, Pickles, and Provisions of all kinds.
CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,
comprising, in part, Baskets, Buckets, Tubs, Washboards Corn Brooms, Brushes, Rugs, Mats, Floor Oil Cloths, Bags Trunks, &c. &c.
CANDIES and NUTS of all kinds, wholesale and retail.
TOYS, TOBACCO, SEGARS, Coal Oil, Coal Oil Lamps, &c
He respectfully invites a call and examination of his stock, satisfied that his goods and prices will compare favorably with those of any other in the place.
WM. LONG.
Huntingdon, March 7, 1866.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!
HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!
THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.
JOHN H. WESTBROOK
Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.
all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.
A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.
Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.
Huntingdon, apri 12, 1866.

FOR THE GREATEST VARIETY
OF
Handsome and Useful Articles,
Call at LEWIS' Book Store.

SOUR PICKLES ready for the table, by the doz.; ½ doz., or ¼ doz., for sale at LEWIS & Co's Family Grocery.

DRESS BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS, of the latest styles, Belt Ribbon and Buckles, Hosiery, Gloves, Edgings, Frillings, &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY RECEIVED at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

TRACING MUSLIN, DRAFTING AND DRAWING PAPER
White and Colored Card Paper,
For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

FRESH
FLOWER and GARDEN SEEDS
FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

☞ Fine Cigars and Tobacco for sale at Lewis' Book Store

THE BEST SHORE FISH for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

CHOICE Teas, Coffee, Sugars and Molasses, for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

ENVELOPES—By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery. Call and see.

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES for Wagons of all sizes, for sale at the hardware store of [Jn14,1866] JAS. A. BROWN.

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Feeding Horses.

There never has been discovered any horses, for elegance of form and power of endurance, superior, or even equal to the steeds of Arabia. Probably most persons suppose that this superiority is entirely due to a difference in breed; but as there is no reason to believe that at the creation any horse was made better than his fellow, it must be that the reason why many horses and particularly American ones are not so well suited to their place as the Arabian, is because their original qualities have become deteriorated, either by bad usage, wrong feeding, ignorance in breeding, or all combined; and I think that the right feeding of a horse is as requisite a condition to health and strength as any other.

Dr. Smith in his "Pilgrimage to Palestine," says that the Arab's usual method of feeding their horses is as follows: Four or five quarts of fine pounded or cut straw, in which from two to four quarts of large horse beans are mixed, are given regularly night and morning. While shedding their coat in spring, all that can be spared are allowed to range the mountains for fresh feed, about four weeks, when the regular diet is resumed. Upon this feed the Arabian and Turkish horses travel over the roughest routes from ten to fifteen hours in a day, for weeks in succession, without exhibiting fatigue. To compare this method of feeding with the old-fashioned American way, is but to discern the excellence of the former and the badness of the latter. Here many farmers, if they intend to keep a horse well, as they term it, stuff him with hay at any and every time they approach the stable. Horses need some time for digestion as well as men, and when kept continually distended, they often become "pot-bellied," and besides it costs far more to keep them than necessary, and renders them less useful than they would otherwise be. Lately, however, there has been quite an improvement made in feeding horses. I allude to the plan of chopping the fodder and mixing it with meal and water; this lessens the cost, and, perhaps, improves the horse; still it is open to objections, the principal of which is the practice of wetting the feed. No animal ever needs to wash down its feed; such treatment weakens the digestive powers, and generally, in time, acts like physic, and thereby lessens their strength. To feed a horse, or indeed any animal, correctly, requires considerable knowledge of its nature and constitution. A horse needs very nutritive feed, also something to keep up the distension of the stomach; for these purposes, meal or beans, mixed with a few quarts of fine chopped timothy hay, can be used, and fed regularly twice or thrice a day; the feed should not be wet much, only just moistened. Again, a horse should be allowed to drink at stated times. There is more irregularity in tending a horse, than many persons have dreamed.—Most men permit their horses to drink at every opportunity; but it is hazardous for horses to drink much cold water when they are warm and perspiring, as I have known them to die from drinking when heated.

I do not see why the same plan of feeding horses could not more generally be adopted with proportional advantages, in feeding cattle; but perhaps there is in the minds of many farmers, the objection, that such a manner of feeding would necessitate more work and time, so as to counterbalance all profits derived from its adoption.—There is indeed soundness in this objection, and I can hope for its removal only as the era of machinery advances. In England, many farmers have no such hindrance, as they employ steam engines on large farms,—and would it not be more advantageous for American farmers to use steam more than they do? They could then with ease cut the fodder, turnips and other roots; thrash their grain; unload their hay by the aid of the horse pitchfork; irrigate their land, and employ it in many other ways.

STAGGERS IN HORSES.—Staggers is a general term applied to several diseases of horses. Mad and sleepy staggers is inflammation of the brain—a fatal complaint marked by high fever, a staggering gait, violent, convulsive struggling, usually terminating in stupor, and treated by bleeding, full doses of physic, and cold water to the head. Grass or stomach staggers is acute indigestion, usually occasioned by overloading the stomach and bowels with tough hard grass, vetches, or clover, or a full meal of wheat, or other indigestible food. It is most common in summer and autumn; is indicated by impaired appetite, distended abdomen, dull aspect, unsteady gait, and is remedied by full doses of purgative medicine, such as six drachms of aloes and a drachm of calomel rubbed down together and given in a quart of boiled gruel. Frequent clysters, with hard rubbing and hot water to the belly, are likewise useful. When the dullness increases stimulants should readily be given.

☞When you offer oats to a horse he may say neigh, but he don't mean it.

PROF. J. H. M'ENTYRE'S GREAT REMEDY,

THE

INDIAN COMPOUND

Internal and External Medicine,

WILL CURE:

☞ Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux in one day,
☞ Headache and Earache in three minutes.
☞ Toothache in one minute.
☞ Neuralgia in five minutes,
☞ Sprains in twenty minutes,
☞ Sore Throat in ten minutes,
☞ Cholic and Cramp in five minutes,
☞ Rheumatism in one day,
☞ Pain in the Back or Side in ten minutes,
☞ Bad Coughs or Colds in one day,
☞ Fever and Ague in one day.
☞ Cures Deafness, Asthma, Piles,
☞ Bronchitis Affections, Dyspepsia,
☞ Inflammation of the Kidneys, Erysipelas,
☞ Liver Complaint and Palpitation of the Heart.

Keep it in your Families—Sickness comes when least expected.

I propose to check, and effectually dissipate more ache and pain, and to accomplish more perfect equilibrium of all the circulating fluids in the human system, than can be effected by any other, or all other methods of medical aid in the same space of time.

THIS POPULAR REMEDY is fast coming into use, for the fact that I cure, free of charge, all those complaints whenever there is an opportunity to do so. As soon as it is applied it almost miraculously kills the pain. I do not ask you to buy before you are certain of its efficiency. If you have an ache or pain, it is warranted to do all it purports on the label.

I do not propose to cure every disease—only a class named by my directions. My liniment operates on chemical and electric principles, and is, therefore, applicable, to the cure or natural restorative of all organic derangement arising from an improper circulation of the nerve vital fluids.

Prof. J. H. McEntyre's INDIAN COMPOUND acts directly on the absorbents, reducing glandular and other swellings in incredible short time, *without any possible danger from its use* under any possible circumstances.

This is an internal and external medicine—composed of roots, herbs and barks, such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on earth to cure all complaints if we only know what they were.

This has been a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what proportions to use.

J. H. McENTYRE,
Proprietor, Reading, Pa.

For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Huntingdon, Pa., Sept. 6, 1865.

McENTYRE'S

DANDELION PILLS,

For all diseases arising from one cause, viz: Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Catarrh in the Head, Weak and disordered Stomach, such as Indigestion, Sick Headache, Giddiness of the Head, Weakness of Sight, Windy Ailments, Rheumatism, and Rheumatic Pains, Pains in the Back or Side, Nervous Debility, Lowness of Spirits, Impurity of the Blood, Blotches or Eruptions of the Body, Gravel, Worms, &c., &c. Sold at 25 cents per box.

McENTYRE'S

INDIAN VEGETABLE

WORM DESTROYER!

This infallible medicine is warranted to expel worms in all cases and may be given to children of all ages, as they are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless.

☞ Can be had at Lewis' Book store, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. VENARD'S

STAR MAGIC LINIMENT.

$1000 REWARD will be paid for any medicine that excels this for the following diseases:

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Affections, Contracted Joints, Cholic Pains, Pains in Side or Back, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, and all Diseases of the Muscles, Skin and Glands.

This is an Internal and External Medicine, composed of Roots, Herbs and Barks such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints, if we only knew what they were. This has been a subject for constant study with the Medical Faculty for a great many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what portions to use.

This wonderful remedy needs no recommendation save the results which invariably follow its application.

☞ This popular remedy is fast coming into use from the fact that it gives good satisfaction.

☞ PHYSICIANS are invited to test its efficacy in all cases of Rheumatism, Affections of the Spinal Column, and all Diseases of the Skin, Muscles and Glands. It has been used in thousands of instances under the personal supervision of the Inventors, and has never disappointed their expectations. All we ask for it is a trial—experimental proof—not the testimony of the men of straw, are the vouchers we desire to present to the public.

It would be well for many now lying in beds of torture, if these facts could reach their sick chambers. It is more important to them than to the inventors that this should be the case. "Truth is mighty and must prevail."

☞ Keep it in your family, for sickness comes when you least expect it.

PRICE--ONE DOLLAR.

SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
SOLE AGENT, HUNTINGDON, PA.

Huntingdon, Pa., July 19, 1865.

DR. VENARD'S

STAR MAGIC LINIMENT

CURES

RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
TOOTHACHE,
HEADACHE,
DIPTHERIA, or SORE THROAT,
CRAMPS, or
PAINS IN THE STOMACH,
SPRAINS,
and DIARRHŒA.

SOLE AGENT,
SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Price One Dollar.
Price Fifty Cents.

☞ **Agents Wanted to sell the above throughout the Country.**

Huntingdon, Oct. 25, 1865.

PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perforated Paper,
Bristol Board,
Ist Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Card Paper, in Packs and Sheets,
For sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

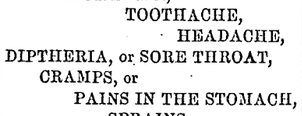
Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.
Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.
Huntingdon, April 10, 1866.

SPECTACLES.



A fine and large assortment always on hand
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

THE GREAT MEDICINE!

M'Entyre's INDIAN COMPOUND.

A NEW SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

PRICE PER BOTTLE, 50 CTS., and $1,00

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

PAPER! PAPER!!!

Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at
LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

VERMICELLI, Barley, Rice, Hominy, Beans, &c., at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

BROUGHER'S PATENT EXCELSIOR

BROOM HEAD OR WRAPPER.

PATENTED DECEMBER 26, 1866.

Everybody his own Broom Maker.

This head or Wrapper is constructed of Tin or Zinc, with sliding hand and bolts, in connection with the centre bolt passing thro' the handle, holding it secure.

The article to which we call your attention is very simple, light and strong, weighing but SEVEN OUNCES.

The farming community have long needed an article of this character; and the high price of Brooms, together with the simplicity, durability, and practical utility of this invention, makes it more saleable than any other article ever introduced.

☞ We offer borough, township, and family rights for sale on reasonable terms, in the county of Huntingdon.

For further particulars, call and see the subscribers, or address THOS. G. STRICKLER & SON,
feb7,1866 Huntingdon, Pa.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

LUMBER.

THE undersigned has just received and is now ready to supply the public with

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER,

COMPRISING ALL THE DIFFERENT GRADES,

From cullings up to the clear stuff,

From 9 months to 2 years dry!

Also,

PLASTERING LATH,
JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,
BUILDING STUFF AND PLANK.

WORKED FLOORING, WEATHER-BOARDING,
DOORS, WINDOW-FRAMES, SASHES, &c
at reasonable prices.

Now is the time to buy, before the Spring rush, as Lumber is already advancing, and dry lumber is a scarce article. CHAS. H. ANDERSON.
Huntingdon, Feb. 27, 1866

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on Southeast corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.
may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,

CALL AT

DONNELL & KLINE'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.

CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.

Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65-tf.

MUSIC BOOKS

FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

HOWE'S SONGS OF IRELAND, containing about 175 of the Gems of Hibernia's Songs and Ballads, including 50 of Moore's Irish Melodies, Songs of the affections, Sentimental, Patriotic, Historical, Military, Political Comic and Miscellaneous Songs, arranged for the Pianoforte or Melodeon. Price $3.00

HOWE'S SONGS OF SCOTLAND, containing about 175 of the Gems of Caledonia's Songs and Ballads, including Songs of the affections, Sentimental, Patriotic, Historical, Military, Political, Comic and Miscellaneous Songs, arranged for the Pianoforte or Melodeon. Price $3.00.

HOWE'S SONGS AND BALLADS OF THE OLDEN TIME, containing the Original Words and Music, of the Songs and Ballads, sung by the Grand-mothers of the present generation. Arranged for Four Voices.

HOWE'S TRIOS: Quadrilles Contra and Fancy Dances with Calls and Figures; Waltzes, Polkas, Opera Melodies, Scotch and Irish airs, &c., &c., for the Violin, Flute, Cornet, Bass Viol, &c.

THE YOUNG MEN'S SINGING BOOK; a collection of Music for male Voices, consisting of Glees and Part Songs, Choir and congregational Tunes, Anthems, Chants, &c.

KINGLEY'S JUVENILE CHOIR:—A selection of the Choicest Melodies from the German, French, Italian, English and American Composers.

TRUMPET OF FREEDOM AND THE BUGLE CALLS; two books suitable to the times.

THE BOSTON GLEE BOOK, consisting of an extensive collection of Glees, Madrigals, and Rounds, selected from the works of the Most admired Composers, together many new pieces from the German.

INSTRUCTION BOOKS FOR THE PIANO, Melodeon Accordeon, Violin, Banjo, Guitar, Concertina, Drum Fife and Flageolet.

Huntingdon, Jan. 24, 1865-tf.

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS!

CONSTABLE'S SALES,
ATTACHMENTS,
SUMMONS,
SUBPŒNAS,
SCHOOL ORDERS,
LEASES FOR HOUSES,
COMMON BONDS,
WARRANTS,
ATTACHT EXECUTIONS,
EXECUTIONS,
DEEDS,
MORTGAGES,
JUDGMENT NOTES,
NATURALIZATION P'K'S,
JUDGMENT BONDS,
FEE BILLS,

NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
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HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1865-tf.

THE BEST EASTERN CHEESE
mh7'66 at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

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SEGARS.—Best quality of Segars
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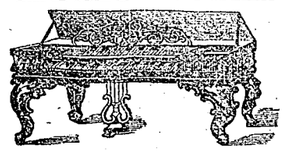
S. E. HENRY & CO'S.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!
If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

MUSIC STORE.



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B. M. GREENE has just opened his Music Store, one d. or west of W Lewis' Book Store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GABRILE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

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Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere. My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

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The Old Foundry

STILL IN BLAST.

THE subscribers, thankful for the liberal share of patronage they have heretofore received by strict attention to business, hope to merit and still receive the same, and take this method to inform their friends and everybody else, that they are prepared to make all kinds of IRON and BRASS CASTINGS made in a first class Foundry.

We have always on hand all kinds of Plough and Stove Castings, also wash Kettles, cellar-window Grates, coal hole castings for pavements, window weights of all sizes and weights, pipe Joints, steel and sleigh soles, wagon boxes, machine castings for steam and water, grist, saw, sumac and plaster mills of all descriptions.

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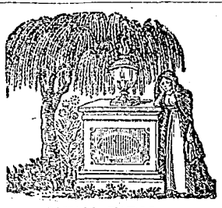
We have a very large stock of patterns and can furnish castings at short notice, and cheaper than they can be had in the county. Having a good drill we are prepared to do drilling and fitting up of all kinds.

☞ Highest market price paid for old metal, brass, zinc, lead, &c. J. M. CUNNINGHAM & SON.

Office on Railroad street, one door west of the Exchange Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa. dec27,65



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Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, as at low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

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W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin sts., Huntingdon, Pa.
WM. WILLIAMS.
Huntingdon, May 16 1865.

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5,000 " Rye,
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5,000 " Corn,
1,000 " Flaxseed,
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For which the highest cash price will be paid.

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This Billiard Room challenges comparison with any room in the State, west of Philadelphia.

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N. B.—Save yourselves useless trouble and traveling expenses, as there is no actual need for personal interview with us. All business with these Offices, can be transacted in writing. For further information direct as above with stamp enclosed, for Circular with references.
January17, 1866-1y

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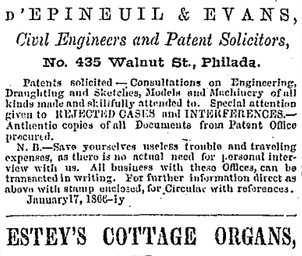

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Also, constantly on hand, good skirts, manufactured in New York and Eastern States, which we sell at very low prices. A lot of cheap skirts—15 springs, 88 cents; 20 springs, $1; 35 springs, $1 15; 30 springs, $1 25 and 40 springs $1 50.

☞ Skirts made to order and repaired.
☞ Terms Cash. One price only. mh7-3m

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For the United States service. Also,

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RIFLE CANES REVOLVING RIFLES,

Rifle and Shot Gun Barrels, and Gun Materials sold by Gun Dealers and the trade generally.

In these days of Housebreaking and robbery, every house, store, bank, and office, should have one of

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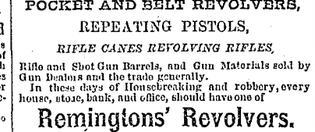

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jy12,1865 Principal.

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LADIES' NEEDLE CASKET, containing 100 best quality needles, imported by P. Hill, sent to any address on receipt of 50 cents. The Great American Puzzle will be given with every needle case.—Price 30 cents per set. Adamite Puzzle, 10 cents sent to any address. Hoop Skirts manufactured to order; store keepers and peddlers supplied. PHILIP HILL, No. 239 Market street, Philadelphia. my29-1m

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